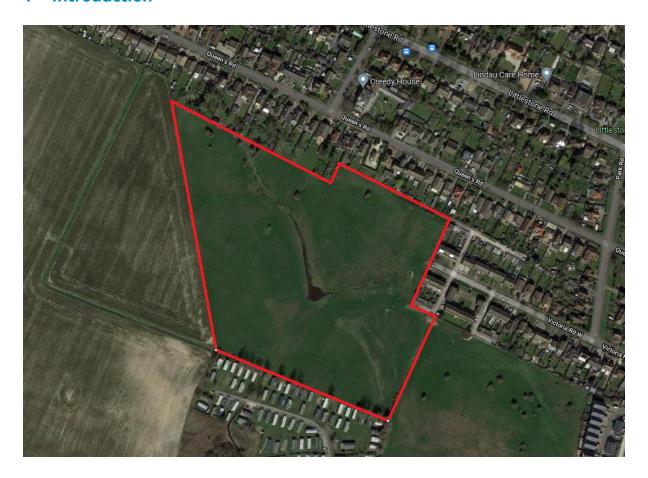


## **Technical Note**

Project:	P21-184 Littlestone, Kent		
Subject:	Technical Note – LLFA Response to Overland Flow Routing		
Prepared by:	Ben McManus – Project Engineer	Date:	13th April 2022
Authorised by:	Nick Fenton – Associate	Status:	S2 - Information
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## 1 Introduction



The site is located, as outlined above has an area of approximately 6.5 hectares and is accessed off Victoria Road West; centred at approximate OS grid reference: E 607853, N 124350. It has a topographical range of 3.04mAOD on the western boundary to 2.18mAOD on the south-eastern boundary. The development consists of 80 residential dwellings.

Rodgers Leask Ltd have been commissioned by Legal and General to undertake a Technical Note for the site off Victoria Road West, Littlestone, Kent with the purpose of demonstrating that the detailed design makes consideration of the rerouting of existing ditches and overland flow routes without detriment to existing properties to the north. The proposals respond to the principles outlined within the Flood Risk Assessment (FRA) that was undertaken by Herrington Consulting Ltd for the Vendor in April 2019. The FRA Compliance Technical Note can be provided if required.



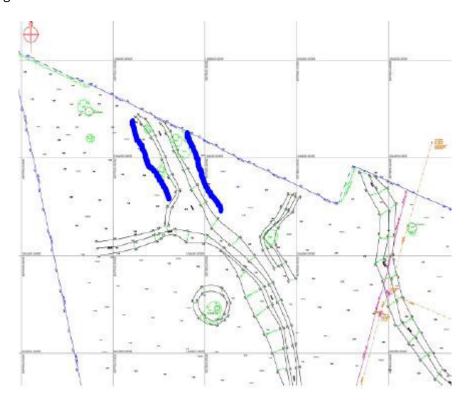
## 2 LLFA Conditions and Designer's Responses

Within this section of the report the main sources of flooding have been extracted and summarised from the Herrington FRA, Section 3. The purpose is to outline the main considerations required of the detailed drainage design and how the Rodgers Leask proposals compare.

## 2.1 Ditch Infilling

#### Comment:

Residents Association have expressed concerns regarding the infill of a ditch on the northern boundary of the site. The below is a snippet taken from the Topographical Lad Survey and shows the ditch's relative position (highlighted in a blue outline). The LLFA have also received photographs from the Residents Association that have shown this feature holding and conveyancing surface water runoff from the surrounding land.



### Designer's Response:

At the most northern part of the ditch shown above the base level is 2.30 mAOD, which falls in a south easterly direction to a level of 1.89 mAOD in the centre of the site (see Appendix A). Based on the FRA that was undertaken by Herrington Consulting Ltd and as shown on the Overland Flow Routing drawing (Appendix B) ditch A at the northern part of the site is to be enhanced. Currently, it is believed that the feature shown above is holding surface water runoff that overtops from ditch A due to capacity limitations in the pipe neatwork that leaves the north-eastern corner of the site. Therefore, the intention of the proposed ditch A overflow is to convey flows through the site without ponding within localised low alleviating the problem described above.



## 2.2 Western Agricultural Land beyond the Site Extents

#### Comment:

Digital Terrain Modelling of the adjacent western farmland parcel would appear to suggest that levels generally fall towards this ditch.

#### Designer's Response:

Legal and General have now had further topographical survey undertaken and the findings are included withing Appendix A of this report. It can be seen that the levels in this agricultural field do not consistently slope in a single direction towards the site but rather fall in a north to south direction with localised high a low spots. On this basis, it is believed that most of the runoff from this area is likely to enter the ditch to the south of the field rather than be conveyed across into the proposed site. Nevertheless, as an additional precaution it is the intention to drag a ditch along the sites western boundary to encourage any flows towards the ditch at the south, which can be seen in the Overland Flow Routing drawing contained within appendix B.

## 2.3 Flood Risk Mitigation Methods

#### Comment:

The layout indicates that housing would be placed over this ditch and without controls likely increase the flood risk for existing properties and the newly proposed ones. The LLFA would therefore seek for further analysis into these flows and to ensure suitable measures (such as compensatory storage or flow diversions) would be in place to protect the existing and proposed properties from flood risks.

### Designer's Response:

Whilst it is noted that ditches are to be infilled and placed over with proposed properties, the ditches that have been proposed are intended to replace them whilst increasing the overall attenuation storage volume and enhance the flow routing through the site in a more controlled manner.

Within the Herrington Consulting Ltd FRA they proposed to reprofile and add ditches to provide adequate storage as well as the inclusion of an area of flood compensation to the south that in total will provide approximately 1,914m³ of additional flood storage. The most northern ditch is being reprofiled to provide additional storage that connects into the existing headwall to the northeast and the ditch travelling south from here has been designed as an overflow to convey flows safely through the site before re-joining the ditch on the southeast of the site. Further precaution has also been taken by providing a conveyance ditch along the western permitter. This will have a positive impact on the flood risk and will divert surface water run off from the existing and proposed properties.



## 2.4 Land Raising

#### Comment:

In addition to the above, our previous consultation response sent on the 1<sup>st</sup> of September 2021 raised queries regarding the proposed land raising on site, specifically in relation to rear garden properties adjacent to existing rear gardens along Queens Road. We would note that this appears to remain unaddressed, and we would seek that this is also clarified.

## Designer's Response:

Due to the site being within a flood zone it was recommended that all buildings at risk were raised a minimum of 300mm above the existing level. As noted, we are raising the land more than this and this has been proposed as a solution for this site due to the shallow nature of groundwater and underlying strata, which tends to be running sands. It is also about the constructability and safety of the construction workers that will be working on this site.

As shown on the Overland Flow Routing drawing we are proposing the inclusion of land drainage in the rear gardens of the properties described, which will connect into ditch A as to prevent any runoff entering the existing properties gardens.

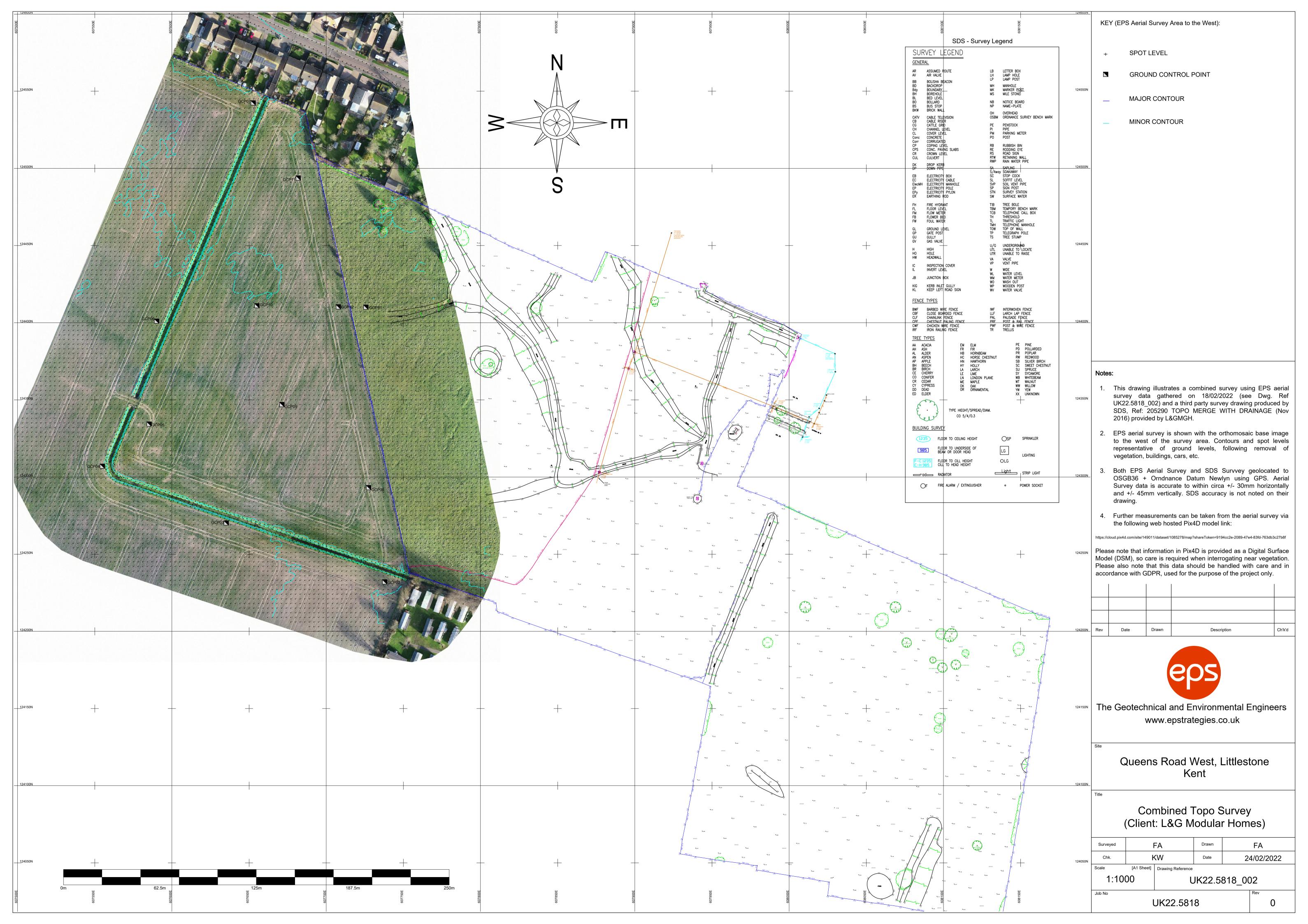




# **Appendices**



Appendix A - Topographical Survey





## Appendix B - Overland Flow Routing

